

VILLAGE SAFETY INITIATIVE

By



Revenue and Disaster Management Department

Government of Haryana

VILLAGE DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Chandrow, Indri

2015-16



CENTRE FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT

HARYANA INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

GURGAON

Village Disaster Management Plan

Contents

S.No.	Chapter	Page
1.	Situational Analysis of Village	
2.	HRVC Assessment	
3.	Response Plan	
4.	Mitigation & Preparedness Plan	
5.	Contact details & Updation Mechanism	

Chapter 1: Situational Analysis of Village

1.1. Introduction

Village Profile: - a) Description of village

.....
.....
.....

b) Village at a glance as under

Name of Village	Chandrow
Name of Patwari	Rohtash
Name of Village Secretary	Sandeep Malik
Contact No. of Village Secretary	9802150034
Name of Panchayat	Chandrow
Name of Sarpanch	Babu Ram
Contact No. of Sarpanch	9728851763
Name of Block	Indri
Name of Teshil	Indri
Name of Police Post/Station	Indri
No. Of house holds	Garhi Birbal
Hospitals	
Schools	1
Industries	
Religious Institutions	1 shiv mandir

1.2. Population :-

<i>Description</i>	<i>Person</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>
Total Population	2340	1224	1116
Children	220	120	100
People with disabilities	18	10	8
Elderly/aged	151	85	66
Those who dependent upon specific medication for survival			
Transgender			

1.3. Temperature and rainfall

The climate is Semi-arid and hot which is mainly dry with very hot summer and cold winter except during monsoon. Here experience extreme temperature ranges 10-49 degree centigrade with severe cold in month of December & January and the month of May & June are of bitter summer. The annual average rainfall in the village is 169.6 mm. About 70 per cent of the annual rainfall is received during period from July to September

1.4. Agricultural Land and Cropping Pattern

The total agricultural land is 450 acres. Wheat, rice, jowar, bajra are major crops grown in the village.

Cropping Pattern at Village						
<i>Sr. No.</i>	<i>Types of Crops cultivated</i>	<i>Area cultivated (Acres)</i>	<i>Duration of Month</i>	<i>Area under Crop Insurance (Yes/No)</i>	<i>Stock facilities (Yes/No)</i>	<i>Others</i>
	Wheat	450 acres		No	No	
	Rice					
					
					

1.5. Drinking Water

The main source of drinking water located within premises of Village and supply of drinking water in village as per below:-

<i>Rivers/ canal</i>	<i>Tanks/ pond</i>	<i>Tube wells</i>	<i>Covered Wells</i>	<i>Uncovered Wells</i>	<i>Hand pumps</i>	<i>Water Supply by PHED</i>
Yamuna	1	3	No	No	8	

1.6. Educational Institutions and Literacy Rate

Literacy rate of village is 40 percent. There is only one middle Government school in the village where children get their education. For further studies children have to go to Vill. Garhi Birbal.

1.7. Roads and Transport

Condition of road is not so good within the village. For commuting, people prefer autorikshaws and private bus service.

1.8. Infrastructure details

Infrastructural Details at Village				
<i>Sr.</i>	<i>Facilities</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Contact Person</i>	<i>Contact Number</i>
1	PHC	No		
2	CHC	No		

3	Medical Shop	No		
4	Anganwadi centre	2	Sharmila	8930306402
5	ANM	No		
6	ASHA workers	1	Mamta	8221875511
7	Pvt. Hospital	No		
8	Pvt. Doctors	No		
9	Veterinary doctors	No		
10	Veterinary practitioners	No		
11	Medical practitioners	No		
12	Religious Institution	1		
1	Govt. Primary Schools	1	Rajender kumar	9466566222
Others Details of Village				
				<i>Depend upon</i>
1	Literacy Rate	70%		
2	Education	Primary		Primary middle
3	Economy of Village			
4	BPL Family	=30		182
Household Details				
1	Total House Hold			650
2	Kucha			5
3	pucca			45
4	Semi pucca			600
5	Other critical ESTABLISHMENTS			

Chapter 2: Hazard, Risk, Vulnerability, Capacity Assessment

2.1 Hazard: The Hazard Profile of the Village

<i>Hazards (in and around the village)</i>	<i>Hazard Probability (High / Med / Low)</i>	<i>Possible causes</i>
Road Accidents		Due to bad shape of roads
Flood		Rain
Earthquake		
Building collapse		
Epidemic / Contagious disease		Due to unhygienic conditions
Fire		Short circuit, Fire in field
Heat Wave		summer
Cold Wave		Winters
Industrial / Chemical hazard		
Stampede		Due to riots or violence

2.2 Vulnerability Analysis

Vulnerable groups in the village – to different hazards				
<i>Sr.</i>	<i>Name of Hazards</i>	<i>Vulnerable Area</i>	<i>Vulnerable Groups</i>	<i>Facilities Affected</i>
1	Flood	All site of Village	1.Old Age, 2.Children below age 12 3.Women, 4.Sick Persons, 5.Below Poverty Line	1.Drainage , 2.Electricity, 3.Drinking water, 4.Road 5.Communication, 6.Govt Property, 7.Ariculture 8.Animal Losses
2	Fire	Filed Area	Farmers and their dependents	1.Electricity, 2.Crop Damage
3	Epidemics	Flood affected area and nearby	All community of village can be	Medical facilities, transport

4	Snake bite	Flood affected area and nearby	All community of village can be	Medical Facilities, transport
5	Hailstorm		Low possibility	
6	Pest Attack	Agriculture area	Can be in crops.	Crop Failure
7	Heat Wave		Village population	Medical Facilities
8	Cold Wave		Village population	Medical Facilities
9	Road Accidents	Houses Nearby Road	Road locations houses	
Other Vulnerabilities				(Impacts)
1	Social Vulnerabilities	Culture of Village can be affected	Living Pattern, Dress, Food Habits and the employment kind of village will be changed if hazard occurs	
2	Political Vulnerabilities	Political System also affect	Group Clashes, Clashes on Compensation, other interference of local group or parties.	

<i>Details</i>	<i>No. of Household</i>
Household (HH) in low lying areas	-
HH with poorly constructed houses	-
Old aged population (above 65 age)	166
Children below (0-6 age)	95
Women headed households	50
BPL population	189
Landless HH	70%
HH (Low income group)	

2.3 Risk Analysis

<i>Severity</i>	<i>Hazard</i>	<i>Elements at Risk</i>	<i>Vulnerable Areas</i>
High Risk Hazards	Earthquake	Human life, cattle life, public infrastructure,	Entire village falls in EQ Zone- IV i.e. high damage risk zone.

		environment, etc.	
	Chemical Accidents	Human Life, cattle life, Environment, etc.	.
	Fires	Human Loss, cattle life, agricultural produce, kutcha houses, industries, etc.	Agricultural Land
	Road Accidents	People travelling on roof/ inside buses. on national Highways, state Highways and other district. Cattle and other animals.	
Medium Risk Hazards	Extreme Temperature	Human life, Cattle population, Crops, transportation activities.	
	Floods	Human life, cattle life, crop life, property and public infrastructure.	
	Epidemic	Human Life, animal life	
Low risk Hazards	Drought	Human Life, crop life, Cattle life,	Entire village is prone to drought like condition. Ground water depletion is maximum as tube wells remain the alternate source of water.
	Frost Thunder storm Hailstorm	Crop, cattle life Human life, crop , Cattle life, Public infrastructure	People with poor housing conditions in the village.
	Terrorist Attack	Crowded places	Bus stops, Malls, Hospitals, Places of Worship, <i>Melas</i> etc in the village.

2.4 Community Resources

Name of Facilities	Community Resources		
<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Total no.</i>	<i>Contact Person and Telephone Number</i>	<i>Distance from the Village</i>
Hospital	No		

Public health centre	No		
Dispensaries	No		
Veterinary Hospital	No		
Private Hospital	No		
OPD Facility	No		
X Ray Facility	No		
Ambulance service	No		
Medicine Shop	No		
.....			
.....			

DRAFT

Chapter 3: Mitigation & Preparedness Plan

This chapter will include:

3.1. Standard Operating Procedures

The teams formed in the previous chapter, their SOPs shall be listed down here. For eg:

- 3.1.1. Early Warning & Information Dissemination Team
 - Communicate the information.....
 - Update contact details of local resources/ offices, etc...
 -
 -
- 3.1.2. First Aid Team
 - Maintain list of pregnant women, infants, people with special medical needs, etc..
 - Keeping First-Aid box with disinfectants, antiseptics, ORS, etc.
 -
 -
- 3.1.3. Carcass Disposal Team
 - Stocking kerosene and fuel for disposal of carcass.
 - Maintaining storage of sackcloth to cover dead bodies of animals.
 - Proper spray of disinfectants (eg: DDT) to keep the air clean
 -
- 3.1.4. Evacuation Team
 - Keeping evacuation map of the village with them
 - Knowing the way of evacuation from the village
 - Identifying safe evacuation routes, places, assembly points in and around the village
 -
 -
- 3.1.5. Damage Assessment Team
 - Help in forecasting damages including lives lost and losses to property and assets such as houses, livestock, agriculture, plantation, etc.
 - Sensitizing families of village to keep their important documents safe, and in emergency kit.
 -
- 3.1.6. Reconstruction & Rehabilitation Team
 - Get purified water sources in village
 - Prepare reconstruction and rehabilitation plan for vulnerable groups/areas in the village
 -

3.2. Identify Safe Evacuation Routes

- Selection of evacuation route that minimize the exposure to the hazard and other obstacles
- Evacuation route to be easily accessible even for vulnerable groups such as, women, children, and elderly.

Evacuation Map of the village

3.3. Community level Mitigation Programme

Include hazard specific mitigation measures and schemes running in the village

3.3.1. Flood Mitigation

- Construction of flood shelter
- Drainage channels to be cleared
- Construction of raised platforms near important/ vulnerable areas, such as school, shelter of animals, gaushalas, etc.
-
-

3.3.2. Earthquake Mitigation

- Detailed survey of buildings for assessment of damage and repair/ reconstruction and seismic strengthening or demolition
- Training the local masons for constructing earthquake resistant structures
- Conducting mock drills in villages for evacuation during an earthquake
- Fix all objects in houses that can fall and cause injury (non structural mitigation....)
-
-

3.3.3. Drought Mitigation

- Continuous drought monitoring through rainfall situation, water availability in reservoirs, rivers, canals, etc. and comparing with existing water needs of society.
- Water conservation through rainwater harvesting in houses and farmers' fields
- Allowing runoff water from all fields to a common point (eg: pond) or allowing it to infiltrate in the soil where it has fallen
- Generating awareness among the village people on implementing water conservation and agriculture awareness programs through television, pamphlets, nukkad natak, etc.
-
-

3.4. Schemes & Disaster Mitigation

Identify the schemes/ projects running in the village and segregate them relevant to Mitigation and Preparedness measures. For eg:

- Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana

- NREGA
- IAY
- Swarn Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana
- Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana
- National Social Assistance Programme
- Rural Water Supply Programme
- Total Sanitation Campaign
- Rural Connectivity Programme
- *Hariyali* – implementation of Watershed Development Program
- Drought Prone Area Programme

DRAFT

Chapter 4: Response Plan

3.1 Village Disaster Management Committee :- to carry out disaster management activities i.e. village disaster management plan, **training** and awareness activities, identification of resources and search & rescue activity at village level conducted by Village Disaster Management Committee. The following is the suggestive list of committee members:-

Village Disaster Management Committee

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Name	Contact No.
i.	Sarpanch	Chairman	Harbhajan Singh	9050832035
ii.	Village Secy	Nodal Officer	Sandeep	9802150034
iii.	Patwari	Member	Rohtash	9896671972
iv.	Numberdar	Member	Kabal	9992964763
v.	SC Panch	Member	Krishna devi	7777007181
vi.	BC Panch	Member	Gurdev Singh	999123847
vii.	Women (Mahila) Panch	Member	Sunita Devi	8607741680
viii.	Anganwadi Worker	Member	Sharmila	8930306402
ix.	SHG Heads	Member	Rajender	9466566222
x.	School Representatives	Member	Rajender	9466566222
xi.	Ex-servicemen	Member	Lachman	9671636742

1. Village Secretary or Patwari should be Nodal Officer for Disaster Management plan of respective village
2. VDMC should conduct meetings/ Gram Sabha for planning for Disaster Management Teams, HRVC and mitigation issues, preparedness issue, relief distribution sites, rehabilitation plans other plan related issues.
3. Village Secy shall document the plan and VDMC shall approve the plan and submit it to the BDPO Office.
4. BDPO should make a copy of the plan and submit it to ADC Office after Compilation of the plans.
5. Further, Funds may be send to BDPO for conducting capacity building trainings at village level for VDMC and teams under VDMC and send the utilization certificate to this office.
6. RO along with BDPO shall arrange training program along with officers/ trainers from Fire Department/ Red Cross/ Revenue department/ civil defence.

3.2 Administrative control

<i>Designation</i>	<i>Contact Number</i>	<i>Contact Address</i>
Deputy Commissioner		Karnal
SP	Karnal	
ADC	Indri	
SDM	Karnal	
ADO	Karnal	
BDPO	Indri	0184-2382279
Police Officer SHO	SHO Indri	9729990719
Village Secretary	Sandeep	9802150034
Gram Pradhan		
BEO		9050074786
Fire Officer	Indri	
SMO	indri	

3.3 Members of Village Disaster Management Teams (VDMT)

S. No.	Name	Designation	Contact Number	Contact Address
Early Warning and Information Dissemination Team				
1	Mahender Pal	Farmer	9813849047	
2	Vicky Kumar	Labour	9992742188	
3	Jai singh	Labour	9991199412	
4	Gurnam	Labour	8053705731	
Evacuation Team				
1				
2				
Search and Rescue Team				
First Aid Team				

Relief Management Team				
Sanitation Team				
Shelter Management Team				
Carcass Disposal Team				
Damage & Need Assessment Team				
Rehabilitation & Reconstruction Team				

3.4 Contact Details of Emergency Resource Owners/ Practitioners [Private], elected Panches in the Village Panchayat:

No.	Name	Practise/Resource	Telephone No.	Mobile No.
1	Babu Ram	Panch		8930351763
2	Gurdev Singh	Panch		9992123847
3	Sukhvinder Singh	Panch		9992061916
4	Sunita Devi	Panch		8607741680

3.5 Village level Skilled persons

Name	Expertise	Address	Telephone #
Harbhajan Singh			9050832035
Kabal Singh			9992964763
Balvinder Singh			8930485748
Rajender			8930306402
Amrik singh			9729257004

Chapter 5: Contact details & Updation Mechanism

- 5.1.** List out the important personnel whose contact details have to be included in the plan
- The contact details from 'Chapter – 3 Response Plan' can be mentioned here

5.2. Updation Mechanism

- Discuss with the village people about whose responsibility is it to update the plan.
- The period in which the VDMP shall be updated regularly.
- It should be taken care that the VDMP should be simple otherwise it will not be understood, and disseminated else it will not reach the needful.
- The VDMP should be revised regularly otherwise it will not be up to date.